National Survey of Primary Care Physicians' Cancer Screening Recommendations and Practices

Colorectal and Lung Cancer Screening Questionnaire

Conducted by:



In collaboration with:





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The National Survey of Primary Care Physicians' Cancer Screening Recommendations and Practices, sponsored by the National Cancer Institute (NCI) in collaboration with the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, is a nation-wide survey of family and general practitioners, general internists, and obstetrician/gynecologists.

In this survey, we request that you answer questions about your attitudes and practices related to colorectal and lung cancer screening procedures, **even if you are not currently performing these procedures yourself.** Because the survey is designed to accommodate a wide range of primary care physicians and practice settings, you may find that some questions do not apply to you. Most physicians will not need to answer every question in the survey.

Your name and contact number were provided to us by the American Medical Association. All information you provide in this survey will remain confidential. Your answers will be aggregated with those of other respondents in reports to NCI and any other parties.

Participation is voluntary, and there are no penalties to you for not responding. However, not responding could seriously affect the accuracy of final results, and your point of view may not be adequately represented in the survey findings.

Please fill out this survey within one week after you have received it. If you have any questions about the survey, please call us toll free at (800) 937- 8281 ext. 8343 or email at cathyanngrundmayer@westat.com.

Please return the completed survey in the enclosed postage-paid envelope. If another envelope is used, please send to:

Westat
Attn: Cathy Ann Grundmayer, TB-350
1650 Research Blvd.
Rockville, Maryland 20850

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Survey Instructions:

- Cancer screening is defined in this survey as the periodic use of a testing procedure intended to find people at increased risk for cancer before its clinical detection or incidental discovery. Abnormal screening tests need to be evaluated to find those individuals with cancer. Cancer screening is used in patients who display no signs or symptoms of possible cancer (i.e., pain, bleeding, palpable masses, etc.).
- Many primary care physicians work in more than one setting. For the purpose of this survey, your main primary care practice is the one in which you spend the most hours per week.
- Most items are multiple choice. Please use an X or check mark to indicate your answers.
- For relevant items, if your answer is not adequately represented by available choices, please write it in after "Other (specify):

Part A. Colorectal Cancer Screening Beliefs and Recommendations

*A1. How effective do you believe the following screening procedures are in reducing colorectal cancer mortality in average-risk patients aged 50 years and older?

How effective is (CHECK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE)	Very Effective	Somewhat Effective	Not Effective	Don't Know
a. Guaiac-based FOBT (e.g., Hemoccult II®, Hemoccult Sensa®, Coloscreen®)	1	2	3	8
 b. Immunochemical FOBT (e.g., Instant-View®, InSure!™, immoCARE®, MonoHaem®) 	1	2	3	8
c. Flexible sigmoidoscopy	1	2	3	8
d. Colonoscopy	1	2	3	8
e. Double-contrast barium enema	1	2	3	8
f. Virtual colonoscopy (e.g., CT colonography)	1	2	3	8
g. Fecal DNA testing	1	2	3	8

The next several questions ask about your experiences with colorectal cancer screening. Please respond based on how you <u>actually</u> practice even if this differs from how you would like to practice under ideal circumstances.

*A2. Please complete the table below based on your recommendations to <u>asymptomatic</u>, <u>average-risk</u> patients (in good health for their age) for colorectal cancer screening. If you do not routinely recommend a particular test, check "no" and go to the next row.

Do you routinely recommend	Your Recommended Starting Age	Your Recommended Frequency of Testing	Is there an age at which you no longer recommend screening for healthy patients?
a. FOBT 1 Yes 2 No	YEARS	EVERY YEARS	1 Yes, age 2 No
b. Flexible Sigmoidoscopy 1 Yes 2 No	YEARS	EVERY YEARS	1 Yes, age 2 No
c. Colonoscopy 1 Yes 2 No	YEARS	EVERY YEARS	1 Yes, age 2 No
d. Double contrast barium enema 1 Yes 2 No	YEARS	EVERY YEARS	1 Yes, age 2 No
e. Virtual colonoscopy (e.g., CT colonography) 1 Yes 2 No	YEARS	EVERY YEARS	1 Yes, age 2 No
f. Fecal DNA testing 1 Yes 2 No	YEARS	EVERY YEARS	1 Yes, age 2 No

- **A3. Which screening test or test combination would you be most likely to recommend for the following patients? Assume that these patients are:
 - asymptomatic and average-risk;
 - treated in an ideal setting, without systemic or financial barriers to receiving care; and
 - without previous screenings or expressed preferences for colorectal cancer screening.

Which screening test or test combination would you recommend for a (CHECK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE)	Both FOBT and flexible sigmoid- oscopy	FOBT only	Flexible sigmoid- oscopy only	Both FOBT and colon- oscopy	Colon- oscopy only	Other (describe)	No screen- ing
a.Healthy 50-year-old	01	02	03	04	05		06
b.Healthy 65-year-old	01	02	03	04	05		06
c. Healthy 80-year-old	01	02	03	04	05		06
d.50-year-old with ischemic cardiomyopathy who experiences dyspnea with ordinary activity (NY Heart Association Class II) treated with appropriate medication	01	02	03	04	05		06
e.65-year-old with ischemic cardiomyopathy who experiences dyspnea with ordinary activity (NY Heart Association Class II) treated with appropriate medication	01	02	03	04	05		06
f. 80-year-old with ischemic cardiomyopathy who experiences dyspnea with ordinary activity (NY Heart Association Class II) treated with appropriate medication	01	02	03	04	05		06
g.50-year-old with unresectable non-small cell lung cancer	01	02	03	04	05		06
h. 65-year-old with unresectable non-small cell lung cancer	01	02	03	04	05		06
i. 80-year-old with unresectable non-small cell lung cancer	01	02	03	04	05		06

4

**A4. To what extent are the following factors influential in your recommendations for colorectal cancer screening?

How influential is (CHECK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE)	Very Influential	Somewhat Influential	Not Influential	Not Applicable or Not Familiar With
a. Clinical evidence in the published literature	1	2	3	4
b. U.S. Preventive Services Task Force recommendations	1	2	3	4
c. American Cancer Society guidelines	1	2	3	4
d. Availability of reimbursement by third party payers, including Medicare and Medicaid	1	2	3	4
e. Availability of providers to whom I can refer my patients for screening other than FOBT	1	2	3	4
f. How colleagues in my practice or local community provide colorectal cancer screening for their patients	1	2	3	4
g. My patients' preferences for colorectal cancer screening	1	2	3	4
h. Cost of screening tests for patients with no third party coverage	1	2	3	4
i. Other (specify):	1	2	3	4
A5. How often did you present more t				

		1	2	3	4
A5.	How often did you present more the screening with your asymptomatic (CHECK ONE BOX) 1 Never (SKIP TO A6) 2 Rarely 3 Sometimes			_	
	₄ Usually				

	A5a.		n of the following screening tests did you discuss with your patients? CK ALL THAT APPLY)
			FOBT
			Sigmoidoscopy
			Colonoscopy
			Other (specify):
A6.			d you recommend any one particular colorectal cancer screening test or test
	asym		over others while discussing colorectal cancer screening with your ic, average-risk patients during the past 12 months?
	1	Never (SKIP TO A7 PAGE 7)
	2	Rarely	
	3	Sometir	nes
	4	Usually	
	A6a.		te the one screening test or test combination that you recommended over s to your patients.
		(CHE	CK ONE BOX)
		02	FOBT
		03	Sigmoidoscopy
		05	Colonoscopy
		01	FOBT + Sigmoidoscopy
		04	FOBT + Colonoscopy
			Other (specify):
		95	Other (specify).

(CHECK ONE BOX)				
1 Never				
2 Rarely				
3 Sometimes				
4 Usually				
**A8. When you talk to your asymptomatic, average-risl screening, how often do you encounter the following:	-	about c	olorectal	cancer
(CHECK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE)	Never	Rarely	Some- times	Usually
Not having enough time to discuss screening with my patients	1	2	3	4
My patients				
b. Do not want to discuss colorectal cancer screening	1	2	3	4
 c. Have difficulty understanding the information I present about colorectal cancer screening 	1	2	3	4
d. Are unaware of colorectal cancer screening	1	2	3	4
e. Do not perceive colorectal cancer as a serious health threat	1	2	3	4
 f. Cannot afford or lack adequate insurance coverage for colorectal cancer screening 	1	2	3	4
g. Other (specify):	1	2	3	4

How often did your asymptomatic, average-risk patients <u>want you to decide</u> which colorectal cancer screening test they should have during discussions of colorectal

cancer screening in the past 12 months?

A7.

**A9.	How often do	you encounter	the following	barriers to	colorectal	cancer	screening	for
	asymptomatic,	average risk pa	atients in your	practice?				

(CHECK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE)	Never	Rarely	Some- times	Usually
My patients do not follow through to complete colorectal cancer screening tests	1	2	3	4
There is a shortage of trained providers in my geographic area of practice to conduct b. Screening other than FOBT	1	2	3	4
c. Follow-up of positive screening tests with invasive endoscopic procedures	1	2	3	4
d. Other (specify):	1	2	3	4

*A10. Over the past 3 years, has the volume of colorectal cancer screening procedures that you order, perform, or supervise:

(CHECK ONE BOX IN EACH ROW)	Increased Substan- tially (>20% per year)	Increased somewhat (<20% per year)	Stayed About the Same	Decreased Somewhat (<20% per year)	Decreased Substan- tially (>20% per year)	Don't Know
a. FOBT	1	2	3	4	5	8
b. Screening Sigmoidoscopy	1	2	3	4	5	8
c. Screening Colonoscopy	1	2	3	4	5	8

Colorectal Cancer Screening Modalities

These sections cover the specific modalities that are used to screen for colorectal cancer. Please respond based on how you <u>actually</u> practice even if this differs from how you would like to practice under ideal circumstances.

Part B. Fecal Occult Blood Testing (FOBT)

B1.	For the majority of your patients, by what means do you conduct FOBT for screening purposes? (CHECK ONE BOX)
	Complete a single FOBT card in the office during a digital rectal exam (SKIP TO QUESTION B1b, NEXT PAGE) Give or mail patients FOBT kits to complete at home Both of the above I do not use FOBT in my practice (SKIP TO C1, page 13)
	*B1a. Do you have a mechanism to ensure that patients who are given or mailed home FOBT kits complete and return the FOBT? 1 Yes 2 No (SKIP TO QUESTION B1b, next page) Bon't know (SKIP TO QUESTION B1b, next page)
	*B1ai. What is the mechanism? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) Reminder telephone call Reminder by mail Chart reminder to return kit at next visit Other (specify):

**B1b. Please complete the table below based on your experiences in providing colorectal cancer screening with <u>FOBT</u> for your <u>asymptomatic</u>, <u>average-risk</u> patients.

During a typical month, how many times do you order or perform this screening test?

(CHECK ONE BOX IN EACH ROW)	0	1-10	11-20	21-40	More than 40
i. Office-based FOBT (e.g., via digital rectal exam)	1	2	3	4	5
ii. FOBT with home test kits	1	2	3	4	5

**B2.	orders or performs FOBT for your patients? CK ALL THAT APPLY)
	I order or perform A nurse practitioner or physician's assistant orders or performs Other (specify):
*B3.	brand of test do you use? CK ALL THAT APPLY)
	Hemoccult II® Hemoccult Sensa® Coloscreen® Hemoccult® ICT Insure!™ Instant-View® immoCARE® MonoHaem® Other (specify): Don't know

B4.	sent to	pratory analysis of FOBT conducted on site in your practice, or are FOBT cards a central laboratory for processing? K ONE BOX)
	2	Conducted on site in practice Sent to a central laboratory Don't know
*B5.	an initi	of the following do you usually recommend to a healthy, average-risk patient as ial follow-up step to a positive FOBT? K ALL THAT APPLY)
		Repeat FOBT B5a. Do you stop the work-up if the second FOBT is negative? Yes Flexible sigmoidoscopy
		Colonoscopy Double contrast barium enema
	\equiv	Virtual colonoscopy (e.g., CT colonography) Other (specify):
B6.	trackin	u have a mechanism (such as reminder calls or mailings, case management, or a ng system) to ensure that patients with positive FOBT results complete initial up testing?
		Yes No (SKIP TO QUESTION C1, page 13) Don't Know (SKIP TO QUESTION C1, page 13)

B6a.	 is the mechanism? CK ALL THAT APPLY)
	Patient reminder telephone call
	Mailed patient reminder
	Case management
	Tracking system or log
	Scheduling system
	Other (specify):

Part C. Screening with Endoscopy and Other Colorectal Cancer Tests

**C1. Complete the table below based on your experiences in providing colorectal cancer screening with <u>sigmoidoscopy</u> for your <u>asymptomatic</u>, <u>average-risk</u> patients.

During a typical month, how many times do you (CHECK ONE BOX IN EACH ROW)	0	1-5	6-10	11-20	More than 20
a. Refer patients to another provider for screening sigmoidoscopy?	о	1	2	3	4
b. Personally <u>perform or supervise</u> screening <u>sigmoidoscopy</u> ?	0 (SKIP TO C2)	1	2	3	4
*C1bi. Do you perform or supervise screen (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	or physiciar	n's assista	ant	atic, ave	rage-risk
 □ 0 (SKIP TO C3, PAGE 14) □ 1-5 □ 6-10 □ 11-20 □ More than 20 					

	*C2a.	To whom do you usually refer your patients for screening <u>colonoscopy</u> ? (CHECK ONE BOX)
		Gastroenterologist Surgeon Family practitioner Internist Other (specify):
**C3.	scree	g a typical month, how many times do you personally <u>perform or supervise</u> ning <u>colonoscopy</u> for asymptomatic, average-risk patients? CK ONE BOX)
		0 (SKIP TO C4, PAGE 15) 1-5 6-10 11-20 More than 20
	C3a.	Do you perform or supervise screening colonoscopy? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) I perform I supervise another clinican Other (specify):

C4. Please indicate whether you agree or disagree with the following statements about colorectal cancer screening with <u>colonoscopy</u> for <u>asymptomatic</u> , <u>average-risk</u> patients.								
(CHECK ONE BOX IN EACH ROW)	Strongly Agree	Some- what Agree	Some- what Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Appli- cable			
a. It is the best of the available screening tests	1	2	3	4	0			
b. It is readily available for my patients	1	2	3	4	0			
c. I worry that I might be sued if I do not offer this test to my patients	1	2	3	4	0			
d. Other (specify):	1	2	3	4	0			
**C5. Complete the table below based on your experiences in providing colorectal cancer screening with <u>double-contrast barium enema</u> or <u>virtual colonoscopy</u> for your <u>asymptomatic</u> , <u>average-risk</u> patients. During a typical month, how many times do you refer your patients to another provider for this procedure?								
(CHECK ONE BOX IN EACH ROW)	C	1-5	6-10	11-20	More than 20			
a. Double-contrast barium enema	o] 1	2	3	4			
b. Virtual colonoscopy (e.g., CT colonograp	hy) ₀] 1	2	3	4			
C6. During the past 12 months, did you DNA testing (e.g., PreGen-Plus®) for (CHECK ONE BOX) 1 Yes 2 No 5 Not sure				_	vith <u>fecal</u>			

Part D. Lung Cancer Screening

In this section, we are interested in your opinions about and experiences with lung cancer screening. This topic has relevance for primary care physicians and health care researchers because lung cancer is the most common cause of cancer-related death among both men and women in the U.S.

D1. How effective do you believe the screening procedures listed below are in reducing <u>lung</u> <u>cancer mortality</u> in the following <u>asymptomatic</u> patients <u>aged 50 years and older?</u>

(CHECK ONE BOX IN EACH ROW)	Very Effective	Somewhat Effective	Not Effective	Don't Know
a. Never Smokers:				
i. Chest x-ray	1	2	3	8
ii. Sputum cytology	1	2	3	8
iii. Low radiation dose spiral CT	1	2	3	8
b. Former Smokers:				
i. Chest x-ray	1	2	3	8
ii. Sputum cytology	1	2	3	8
iii. Low radiation dose spiral CT	1	2	3	8
c. Current Smokers:				
i. Chest x-ray	1	2	3	8
ii. Sputum cytology	1	2	3	8
iii. Low radiation dose spiral CT	1	2	3	8

- D2. Which, if any, screening test would you recommend for the following patients? Assume that these patients have:
 - not been previously screened for lung cancer;
 - no symptoms of lung cancer;
 - expressed no preference for lung cancer screening in general or with a specific modality; and
 - no occupational exposure to known or suspected lung carcinogens.

	HECK ONE BOX IN CH ROW)	No screening	Chest x-ray only	Sputum cytology only	Both chest x-ray and sputum cytology	Low radiation dose spiral CT	Other (describe)
a.	Healthy 50-year-old who: • has never smoked • has not had substantial exposure to second-hand smoke	01	02	03	04	05	
b.	 Healthy 50-year-old who: has never smoked has 20 years' exposure to second-hand smoke from a chain-smoking spouse 	01	02	03	04	05	
C.	Otherwise healthy 50-year- old former cigarette smoker with: • a 20-year pack history • patient quit smoking 1 year ago	01	02	03	04	05	
d.	Otherwise healthy 50-year- old former cigarette smoker with: • a 20-year pack history • patient quit smoking 15 years ago	01	02	03	04	05	
e.	Otherwise healthy 50-year- old current smoker who: • has smoked 1 pack of cigarettes per day for the past 20 years	01	02	03	04	05	

D3.	During the past	12 months, for an	asymptomatic patient,	did you ever
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(CI	HECK ONE BOX IN EACH ROW)	Yes	No	Not sure
a.	Order a chest x-ray for lung cancer screening	1	2	5
b.	Order sputum cytology for lung cancer screening	1	2	5
c.	Order low radiation dose spiral CT for lung cancer screening	1	2	5
d.	<u>Initiate</u> a discussion about the risks and benefits of lung cancer screening	1	2	5
e.	Discuss, with a patient who had <u>self-referred</u> for the procedure, the results of a low radiation dose spiral CT exam	1	2	5
f.	Refer a patient for enrollment in a clinical trial of lung cancer screening	1	2	5
D4.	2 No	lease give	your best	estimate.)
D5.	With what proportion of your new patients do you ask a behavior? 1 None or a little (< 10%) 2 Some (11-25%) 3 Half (about 50%) 4 Most (about 75%)	bout their	cigarette	smoking

Almost all (> 90%)

D6.	Are you aware of, and have you ever referred a patient to, any of the following smoking
	cessation services?

(CHECK ONE BOX IN EACH ROW)	Aware and Referred	Aware of It, Never Referred	Not Aware of It	Not sure
a. The 1-800-QUIT-NOW quitline	1	2	3	4
b. The 1-877-44U-QUIT quitline	1	2	3	4
4c. The www.smokefree.gov website	1	2	3	4
d. Other (specify):	1	2	3	4

D7. To the best of your knowledge, do the following organizations recommend the use of lung cancer screening in <u>asymptomatic</u> patients?

(CHECK ONE BOX IN EACH ROW)	Yes, recommend	No, don't recommend	Not sure
a. U.S. Preventive Services Task Force	1	2	5
b. American Cancer Society	1	2	5
c. American College of Radiology	1	2	5
d. American Thoracic Society	1	2	5
e. National Cancer Institute	1	2	5

D8.	Is low radiation	dose spiral	СТ	available	in	the	geographic	area	from	which	you	draw
	your patients?											

1	Yes
2	No (SKIP TO E1 NEXT PAGE)
5	Not sure (SKIP TO E1 NEXT PAGE)

D8a. Does the facility provide lung cancer screening?

1	Yes
2	No
5	Not sure

Part E. Practice and Other Characteristics

The questions in this final section will help us to better understand you and your medical practice.

E1. During a typical month, approximately what percent of your professional time do you spend in the following activities?

a.	Providing Primary Care	%
b.	Providing Subspecialty Care	%
c.	Research	%
d.	Teaching	%
e.	Administration	%
f.	Other (specify):	%
Total		1 0 0 %

Some primary care physicians work in more than one location. Please answer the following questions as they relate to your <u>main</u> primary care practice location, that is, the setting where you spend the most hours per week.

E2.	Which of the following categories best describes your main primary care practice location (i.e., the practice setting where you spend the most hours per week)? Are you
	a (CHECK ONE BOX)
	01 Full- or part-owner of a physician practice
	₀₂ Employee of a physician-owned practice
	₀₃ Employee of a large medical group or health care system
	₀₄ Employee of a staff or group model HMO
	₀₅ Employee of a university hospital or clinic
	₀₆ Employee of a hospital or clinic not associated with a university
	(including community health clinics)

Other (specify):

*E3.	Including yourself, about how many physicians work in your main primary care practice location? (CHECK ONE BOX)
	 □ 1 □ 2-5 □ 6-15 □ 16-49 □ 50-99 □ 100+
	*E3a. Is your main primary care practice in a single specialty or multi-specialty setting (where a multi-specialty practice includes specialists other than primary care physicians)? (CHECK ONE BOX) 1 Single specialty 2 Multi-specialty 95 Other (specify):
E4.	How many nurse practitioners and/or physician assistants are in your main primary care practice location? (CHECK ONE BOX)
	□ 0 □ 1 □ 2+
E5.	Has your main primary care practice implemented guidelines for colorectal cancer screening?
	Yes No (SKIP TO QUESTION E6)

E5a. Do you have access to these practice guidelines in an electronic format (such as a Web site or computer information system)?

(CHECK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE)	Yes	No
i. At the point of care (e.g., exam room)	1	2
ii. At your desk or a work station, away from the point of care	1	2

E6.	What type of medical record system does your main primary care practice use? (CHECK ONE BOX)
	Paper charts Partial electronic medical records (<i>e.g.</i> lab results available electronically, but patient history on paper) In transition from paper to full electronic medical records Full electronic medical records
E7.	Does your main primary care practice have a mechanism to remind <u>you</u> or <u>other</u> members of the care team that a patient is due for colorectal cancer screening? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)
	Yes, special notation or flag in patient's chart Yes, computer prompt or computer-generated flow sheet Yes, I routinely look it up in the medical record at the time of a visit Yes, other mechanism (specify):

they a	your main primary care practice have a mechanism to remind your <u>patients</u> that are due for colorectal cancer screening? CK ALL THAT APPLY)
	Yes, verbal prompt from you or a member of the care team during an office visit Yes, reminder by US mail Yes, reminder telephone call Yes, reminder by e-mail Yes, personalized Web page Yes, other mechanism (specify): No Not sure
colore	g the past 12 months, did you receive reports from any source regarding rates of ectal cancer screening for your patients? Yes No (SKIP TO QUESTION E10)
E9a.	Did these reports allow you to compare your own performance with your own patients to the performance of other practitioners and their patients? 1 Yes 2 No 5 Not sure
E9b.	During the past 12 months, were your payments adjusted based on your own performance, as reflected in these colorectal cancer screening reports? 1 Yes 2 No 5 Not sure
	burin colore E9a.

*E10. During a typical care practice loc (CHECK ONE BC	ation?	oximatel	y how ma	ny patients	do you se	ee in your ma	ain primary
25 or fewer 26-50 51-75 76-100 101-125 126 or more							
E11. Approximately volume location is: (PLEASE GIVE Y	-			tients in y	our main	primary car	re practice
(CHECK ONE BOX ON E LINE)	ACH	0-5%	6-25%	26-50%	51-75%	76-100%	Don't Know
a. Uninsured		1	2	3	4	5	8
b. Insured by Medicaid		1	2	3	4	5	8
*E12. Approximately w female? (PLEASE GIVE Y				ents in yo	ur main pı	rimary care	practice is
				Percenta patien			
	a. Fema	le			%		

E13.	Approximately what percentage of your patients in your main primary care practice is:
	(PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE)

	Percentage of patients
a. less than 18 years	%
b. 18-39 years	%
c. 40-64 years	%
d. 65+ years	%
TOTAL	1 0 0 %

E14. Approximately what percentage of your patients in your main primary care practice is: (PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE)

(CHECK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE)	0-5%	6-25%	26-50%	51-75%	76-100%	Don't Know
a. White	1	2	3	4	5	8
b. Black or African-American	1	2	3	4	5	8
c. Asian	1	2	3	4	5	8
d. Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1	2	3	4	5	8
e. American Indian or Alaska Native	1	2	3	4	5	8

E15.	Approximately what percentage of patients in your main primary care practice Hispanic or Latino? (YOUR BEST ESTIMATE IS FINE). (CHECK ONE BOX)	e is
	O-5%	
	G-25%	
	<u>26-50%</u>	
	51-75%	
	76-100%	
	Don't Know	

*E16.	Do you as an individual have an affiliation with a medical school, such as an adjunct, clinical, or other faculty appointment?
	1 Yes
	2 No
**E17.	Do you consider yourself to be Hispanic or Latino?
	1 Yes
	₂ No
**E18.	What do you consider to be your race? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)
	American Indian or Alaska Native
	Asian
	Black or African American
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
	White
	Other (Specify):
**E19.	Is there anything else you would like to tell us about colorectal or lung cancer screening in your practice or in general?
	Thank you very much. We greatly appreciate your participation.